

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING FORMATION 2 EXAMINATION - AUGUST 2016

NOTES:

You are required to answer Question 1. You are also required to answer any **three** out of Questions 2 to 5. Should you provide answers to all of Questions 2 to 5, you must draw a clearly distinguishable line through the answer not to be marked. Otherwise, only the first three answers to hand for Questions 2 to 5 will be marked.

Note: Students have optional use of the Extended Trial Balance, which if used, must be included in the answer booklet.

Provided are pro-forma:

Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income By Expense, Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income By Function, and Statements of Financial Position.

TIME ALLOWED:

3.5 hours, plus 10 minutes to read the paper.

INSTRUCTIONS:

During the reading time you may write notes on the examination paper but you may not commence writing in your answer book.

Marks for each question are shown. The pass mark required is 50% in total over the whole paper.

Start your answer to each question on a new page.

You are reminded to pay particular attention to your communication skills and care must be taken regarding the format and literacy of your solutions. The marking system will take into account the content of your answers and the extent to which answers are supported with relevant legislation, case law or examples where appropriate.

List on the cover of each answer booklet, in the space provided, the number of each question attempted.

THE INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS IN IRELAND

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

FORMATION 2 EXAMINATION - AUGUST 2016

Time allowed: 3.5 hours plus 10 minutes to read the paper.

Answer Question 1 and three of the remaining four questions.

Note: Students have optional use of the Extended Trial Balance, which if used, must be included in the answer booklet.

1.

(a) Identify and explain the main elements of the Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

(10 Marks)

(b) The following trial balance was extracted from the books of Hoella Limited (Hoella), a company with a number of retail shops, as at 31 December 2015:

	Debit €	Credit €
Motor Vehicles	68,000	
Investments - 6%	100,000	
Trade Receivables	324,700	
Intangible Assets	200,000	
Trade Payables	,	246,807
Fixtures & Fittings	214,900	,
Share Premium	,	20,000
Distribution Costs	265,874	,
Share Capital - 100,000 at €1.30 each	•	130,000
Current Tax Payable		1,200
Revenue		1,687,542
Accumulated Depreciation - Premises at 31.12.14		387,500
Revaluation Surplus		10,520
Investment Income		4,800
Bank		2,413
Accumulated Amortisation of Intangible Assets at 31.12.14		40,000
Retained Earnings at 31.12.14		482,222
Allowance for Bad Debts		12,458
Purchases	897,541	
Administrative Expenses	325,887	
Opening Inventory	78,654	
Accumulated Depreciation - Motor Vehicles at 31.12.14		24,560
Long Term Loan		124,750
Accumulated Depreciation - Fixtures & Fittings at 31.12.14		145,784
Premises	845,000	
	3,320,556	3,320,556

The following information, based on your investigations, has come to light:

- (i) Hoella's year-end inventory amounted to €89,120 valued at cost. Included in this amount is some inventory which has been damaged and is beyond repair. The cost of this damaged inventory is €3,250. Hoella can sell it at 70% of the selling price and normally makes a mark-up of 40% on cost.
- (ii) Hoella purchased some fixtures and fittings on 1 April 2015 for €60,000 plus import duties of €2,900. The import duties were included in Administrative Expenses and credited to the bank upon payment.

(iii) Depreciation is to be charged as follows:

Premises 2% Straight Line on Cost Fixtures & Fittings 15% Straight Line on Cost Motor Vehicles 20% Reducing Balance

Depreciation is charged in full in the year of purchase and none in the year of sale.

- (iv) All of the relevant expenses in the trial balance are to be split evenly between Administrative Expenses and Distribution Costs, respectively.
- (v) Hoella sold 40,000 shares for €75,000 and lodged the money to the bank.
- (vi) The intangible asset has a finite useful life and was reviewed on 1 January 2015. From the review, it was identified that the intangible asset's useful economic life is now 10 years from the date of the review.
- (vii) Income tax for 2015 is estimated at €40,200. The company paid €28,200 towards this income tax bill on 30 December 2015.
- (viii) The Allowance for Bad Debts should be at 4% of Trade Receivables.
- (ix) The balance of the interest that was due on the investments was received in 2016.

REQUIREMENT:

Prepare, in a form suitable for publication, based on IFRS, a Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and Statement of Financial Position for Hoella Limited for the financial year-ending 31 December 2015.

Note: All workings should be shown. (30 Marks)

[Total: 40 Marks]

- 2. The trial balance of Kafty Limited, a company involved in the manufacturing sector, had a credit suspense balance of €14,400 at its year-end 31 December 2015. Concerned about this, management asked you to investigate and you have uncovered the following issues:
 - 1. An invoice relating to accountancy fees of €3,200 needs to be accounted for.
 - 2. A decrease in the allowance for trade receivables of €4,600 was debited in error to the bad debt recovered account.
 - 3. Included in revenue was the sale of shares at par value amounting to €15,600. The amount was lodged to the bank account.
 - 4. Additions to Property, Plant & Equipment of €8,000 purchased and paid for by cheque on 1 July 2015 had been expensed to the repairs and maintenance account. Kafty Limited's depreciation policy is to depreciate in full in the year of purchase at a rate of 15% per annum.
 - 5. Due to a software problem, credit sales of €7,100 have been debited to trade payables.
 - 6. Rent due of €840 has been posted to the rent prepaid account in error.
 - 7. A dividend paid of €2,300 has been credited to finance costs.
 - 8. Wages paid to Mr. Kafty of €2,200 have been credited to the director's loan account.

REQUIREMENT:

(a) Prepare journal entries for Kafty Limited to record and correct relevant transactions from the above information for the financial statements for the year-ending 31 December 2015.

(15 Marks)

(b) Prepare the suspense account for the year-ending 31 December 2015

(5 Marks)

[Total: 20 Marks]

3. Note: This question consists of two parts; Part 1 and Part 2. Students should note that the companies in each part are separate and are not related to each other.

Part 1

Mr. Toby Jordan, the managing director of Tojo Limited has a number of specific queries in relation to Inventory and has asked you for advice in relation to IAS 2 - *Inventories*. As part of its overall inventory, Tojo Limited has three items of inventories whose costs and net realisable values are as follows:

Item	Cost - €	NRV -€
1	72	80
2	56	48
3	92	96
	220	224

REQUIREMENT:

(a) Calculate the closing value of each item of inventory and hence the total value of closing inventory for these items for Tojo Limited at the year-end.

(4 Marks)

- **(b)** In the context of IAS2 *Inventories*, prepare a report for Mr. Toby Jordan which:
 - (i) Outlines the items that comprise inventory.
 - (ii) Explains how inventories are measured.
 - (iii) Provides three examples of costs which are specifically excluded from the costs of inventories and instead are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.
 - (iv) Briefly discusses three situations in which net realisable value is likely to be less than cost.

(12 Marks)

Part 2

Davis Limited's closing inventory at 31 December 2015 is €347,841. This includes €4,640 for items accidentally destroyed on 31 December 2015 after the count was completed. Also included is €2,980 which relates to the cost of inventory damaged in October 2015, which can be reworked at a cost of €680 and which can then be sold for €2,410.

REQUIREMENT:

Calculate the closing value of inventory at the year-end.

(4 Marks)

[Total: 20 Marks]

4. Mr. Ray Dineen is a retailer whose main branch is in Waterford and has a second branch in Kilkenny. The following trial balances have been extracted from his books as at 31 December 2015.

Wa	terford Dr. €'000	Cr. €'000	Kilkenny Dr. €'000	Cr. €'000
Receivables/Payables	300	270	200	
Drawings	27			
Purchases/Sales	2,700	3,140		1,210
Distribution Expenses	140		37	
Allowance for unrealised profit		9		
Current Accounts	269			205
Current Tax Payable		36		
Income Tax	34		18	
Allowance for doubtful debts		9		4
Capital		87		
Property, Plant & Equipment	970		290	
Bank	245		47	
Inventory sent to branch		936	910	
Administration Expenses	62		34	
Inventory (1 Jan 2015)	60		39	
Accumulated Depreciation (1 Jan 2015)		320		156
•	4,807	4,807	1,575	1,575

Additional Information:

- 1) At 31 December 2015, there was €38,000 cash in transit from Kilkenny to Waterford.
- 2) Goods invoiced at €26,000 were in transit from Waterford to Kilkenny on 31 December 2015.
- 3) All goods are purchased by the Waterford branch. Goods are then sent to Kilkenny and are invoiced at cost plus 30%.
- 4) Closing inventory was valued at 31 December 2015 at cost of €28,000 in Waterford and at invoice price of €39,000 in Kilkenny.
- 5) The Allowance for Doubtful Debts is to be maintained at a rate of 3%.
- 6) Depreciation is to be provided for the year on property, plant and equipment at the rate of 10% straight line.

REQUIREMENT:

- (a) In adjacent columns, prepare the Statement of Profit or Loss for the year ended 31 December 2015 for Mr. Dineen for:
 - (i) The Waterford Shop;
 - (ii) The Kilkenny Shop; and
 - (iii) The Combined Business.
- (b) Prepare a combined Statement of Financial Position for Mr. Dineen as at 31 December 2015.

[Total: 20 Marks]

5. Oakview Limited is involved in the manufacture of soups and its financial statements are as follows:

Oakview Limited Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2015

	2015 €'000	2014 €'000
Non-Current Assets Property, Plant & Equipment Total Non-Current Assets	1,942 1, 942	1,628 1,628
Current Assets Inventories Trade Receivables Cash & Cash Equivalents Total Current Assets	196 187 53 436	129 199 54 382
Total Assets	2,378	2,010
Equity & Liabilities Equity Share Capital Share Premium Retained Earnings Revaluation Surplus Total Equity	140 45 1,499 48 1,732	100 45 1,014 26 1,185
Non-Current Liabilities Long Term Loan Total Non-Current Liabilities	512 512	646 646
Current Liabilities Trade Payables Bank Overdraft Current Tax Payables Total Current Liabilities	115 - 19 134	146 12 <u>21</u> 179
Total Equity & Liabilities	2,378	2,010

Oakview Limited Statement of Profit or Loss & Other Comprehensive Income for the year-ended 31 December 2015

	€'000
Revenue	3,658
Cost of Sales	(2,672)
Gross Profit	986
Distribution Costs	(169)
Administration Expenses	(157)
Finance Costs	(34)
Profit before Tax	626
Income Tax Expense	(95)
Profit for the Year	531
Other Comprehensive Income	
Gain on Property Revaluations	22
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax	22
Total Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax	553

Notes:

- (i) Property, Plant & Equipment with a carrying value of €200,000 was sold for €180,000. This asset had originally cost €250,000.
- (ii) Depreciation of Property, Plant & Equipment during the year amounted to €98,000.
- (iii) Dividends paid during the year amounted to €46,000 and are reported in the Statement of Changes in Equity.

REQUIREMENT:

Prepare a Statement of Cash Flows for the year-ended 31st December 2015 for Oakview Limited in accordance with IAS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows.

[Total: 20 Marks]

END OF PAPER

SUGGESTED SOLUTIONS

THE INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS IN IRELAND

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

FORMATION 2 EXAMINATION - APRIL 2016

SOLUTION 1

- (a) The elements that relate to financial position of an entity are those that comprise the statement of financial position:
 - Assets
 - · Liabilities; and
 - Equity

Those relative to financial performance comprise elements in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income:

- Income
- Expenses

The elements relating to financial position are defined in paragraph 49 of IAS 1 as follows:

Asset - A resource controlled by an entity as a result of past events and from which future economic benefits are expected to flow to the entity

Liability – A present obligation of the entity arising from past events, the settlement of which is expected to result in an outflow from the entity of resources embodying economic benefits

Equity – The residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all its liabilities

The above form the accounting equation i.e.

Assets - Liabilities = Equity

Income is defined as encompassing both revenue and gains
Revenue arises in the course of ordinary activities i.e. sales, fees, etc.
However, gains may or may not arrive in the course of ordinary activities and include:

that arising on the disposal of non-current assets and unrealised gains on the revaluation of marketable securities or increases in the carrying value of long term non-current assets.

Expenses - includes losses as well as those expenses that arise in the course of ordinary activities of the entity Expenses in the course of ordinary activities include: cost of sales, wages and salaries etc.

Losses would include those arising on the disposal of non-current assets and those arising from disasters

(10 Marks)

(b)

(D)								
Hoella Limited Statement of Profit or L	oss and Other Comprehensiv	e Income fo	r the year-ei	nded 31st De	ecember 201	5		
Revenue		€	€	<u>€</u>	€	<u>€</u> 1,687,542	0.25	
Cost of Sales Total	W2					887,140	0.25	
Cost of Gales Total	***2				_	007,140	0.20	
Gross Profit						800,402	0.25	
Other Income	TB + W1.ix			1,200	4,800	6,000	0.25	
Distribution Costs	W2				307,768			
Administrative Expenses	W2			_	364,881	672,649	0.25	
Profit/(Loss) before Tax						133,753	0.25	
Income Tax	W1.vii				_	40,200	0.25 0.25	
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR Other Comprehensive Income for the y	year not of tax					93,553	0.25	
•	·				_			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FO	R THE YEAR				=	93,553	0.25	
Hoella Limited Statement of Financial I	Position as at 31st December		•					
Non-Current Assets		€	€	<u>€</u>	<u>€</u>	<u>€</u>		
Property, Plant & Equipment	W3					565,698	0.25	
Investments	ТВ					100,000	0.25	
Intangible Assets	TB + W1.vi		200,000 -	40,000 -	16,000	144,000	0.50	
Total Non-Current Assets					_	809,698	0.25	
Current Assets								
Inventories	W1.i					89,055	0.25	
Trade Receivables	W1.viii					311,712	0.25	
Other Receivables	W1.ix					1,200	0.25	
Cash & Cash Equivalents					_	-	0.25	
Total Current Assets					=	401,967	0.25	
TOTAL ASSETS					=	1,211,665	0.25	
Equity & Liabilities								
Equity Share Capital	TB + W1.v			130,000	52,000	182,000	0.25	
Share Premium	TB + W1.v			20,000	23,000	43,000	0.25	
Retained Earnings	TB			482,222	93,553	575,775	0.25	
Revaluation Surplus	ТВ			,	,	10,520	0.25	
Total Equity					_	811,295	0.25	
Non-Current Liabilities					_			
Long-term Loan	ТВ				_	124,750	0.25	
Total Non-Current Liabilities					_	124,750	0.25	
Current Liabilities								
Trade Payables	ТВ					246,807	0.25	
Bank Overdraft	TB + W1.v+W1.vii	2,413	60,000 -	-,	28,200	15,613	0.50	
Current Tax Payable	TB + W1.vii		1,200	40,200 -	28,200 _	13,200	0.50	
Total Current Liabilities					=	275,620	0.25	
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES					=	1,211,665		
					PRF	SENTATION	0.50	
							0.50	
						FAL MADICS	-	
					10	TAL MARKS	9.00	

		Working - Closing Inventory Total Inventories at Cost per Inventory Count	Working - Journal E	<u>ntries</u> €	€ 89.120		
		Damaged Inventories - Cost NRV - 50% of Selling Price Inventory Write Down Value of Closing Inventories	Note 1	3,250 - 3,185	65 89,055		
		Note 1 Cost Markup - 40% of Cost i.e. 40% * €3,250 Selling Price		3,250 40% 1,300 4,550			
		70% of Selling Price - 3,185 * 70%		70% 3,185			
1.i		Inventory Closing Inventory	+ Current Assets - Cost of Sales	SOFP SOPL & OCI	€'000 89,055	€'000 89,055	2.00
1.ii		Import duties incorrectly included in Administrative Expe What Happened	enses instead of being ca	pitalised			
		Administrative Expenses Bank	+ Expenses - Current Assets	SOPL & OCI SOFP	2,900	2,900	
		What Should have Happened Property, Plant & Equipment Bank	+ Non-Current Assets - Expenses	SOFP SOPL & OCI	62,900	62,900	1.00
	Cr.	Correct Error Property, Plant & Equipment Administrative Expenses Bank	+ Non-Current Assets - Expenses - Current Assets	SOFP SOPL & OCI SOFP	62,900	2,900 60,000	1.50
1.v	Cr.	Bank Share Capital Share Premium	+ Current Assets + Equity + Equity	SOFP SOFP SOFP	75,000	52,000 23,000	1.00
1.vi		Amortisation of Intangible Assets Accumulated Amoritisation of Intangible Assets	+ Expenses - Non-Current Assets	SOPL & OCI SOFP	16,000	16,000	2.00
1.vii		Income Tax Current Tax Payable	+ Expenses + Current Liabilities	SOPL & OCI SOFP	40,200	40,200	1.00
		Current Tax Payable Bank	Current LiabilitiesCurrent Assets	SOFP SOFP	28,200	28,200	1.00
1.viii		Allowance for Bad Debts Trade Receivables	+ Expenses - Current Assets	SOPL & OCI SOFP	530	530	1.00
		Trade Receivables	Balance per TB		324,700		
		- Allowance for Bad Debts - 4% Revised Trade Receivable			12,988 311,712		
		Current Allowance for Bad Debts New Allowance Bad Debts Increase in Allowance for Bad Debts	TB See Above		12,458 12,988 530		
1.ix		Other Receivables Investment Income	+ Current Assets + Other Income	SOFP SOPL & OCI	1,200	1,200	1.00
		Investment	ТВ		100,000		
		Interest on Investments Less Investment Income already accounted for Balance to be accounted for	ТВ	6%	6,000 4,800 1,200		
					CURRENT	MARKS	11.50

Working 2 - Expenses Opening Inventory Purchases Closing Inventory Expenses Import Duties Amortisation of Intangible Asset Allowance for Bad Debts Depreciation - Premises Depreciation - Fixtures & Fittings Depreciation - Motor Vehicles Total	Per TB Per TB W1.i Per TB W1.ii W1.vii W1.viii W3 W3 W3	Cost of Sales 78,654 897,541 - 89,055	Costs - 265,874 - 8,000 265 8,450 20,835 4,344 307,768	Administration Expenses 325,887 - 2,900 8,000 265 8,450 20,835 4,344 364,881	16,000 530 16,900 41,670 8,688	Cost of Sales 2.00 Distribution Costs 2.00 Admin Expenses 2.00
Working 3 - Property, Plant & Equipment		Premises	Equipment	Motor <u>Vehicles</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Cost - Accumulated Depreciation b/d		<u>€</u> 845,000 - 387,500	<u>€</u> 214,900 - 145,784	€ 68,000 - 24,560 -	<u>€</u> 1,127,900 557,844	
Carrying Value b/d at 1st January 2015 Addition Addition - Import Duties	W1.ii	457,500 - -	69,116 60,000 2,900	43,440 - -	570,056 60,000 2.900	0.50 0.50 0.50
Carrying Value Depreciation - Premises - 2% Straight Line		457,500 - 16,900	132,016	43,440 	632,956 16,900	0.50
Depreciation - Fixtures & Fittings - 15% Straight Line Depreciation - Vehicles - 20% Reducing Balance Carrying Value c/d at 31st December 2015		440,600	- 41,670 - 90,346	- 8,688 - 34,752	41,670 8,688 565,698	0.50 0.50 0.50
				CURRE	ENT MARKS	9.50
				то	TAL MARKS	21.00

Adjustment
Credit Debit Credit
246,807
20,000
41,894
130,000 52,000
16,900
2,413 75,000 88,200
40,000 16,000 482,222
12,458 530
41,894 2,900
000,000
124,750
45,784
16,000
530 530
3,320,556 396,873 396,873

Motor Vehicles
Investments - 6%
Trade Receivables
Intangible Assets
Trade Payables
Fixtures & Fittings
Share Premium
Distribution Costs
Share Capital - 100,000 at €1.30 each
Curner Tax Payable
Revenue
Accumulated Depreciation - Premises at 31.12.14
Revaluation Surplus
Investment Income
Name Revaluation Surplus
Investment Income
Accumulated Amortisation of Intangible Assets at 31.12.14
Allowance for Bad Debts
Purchases
Administrative Expenses
Opening Inventory
Accumulated Depreciation - Motor Vehicles at 31.12.14
Long Term Loan
Accumulated Depreciation - Fixtures & Fittings at 31.12.14
Long Term Loan
Accumulated Depreciation - Fixtures & Fittings at 31.12.14
Income Tax
Allowance for Bad Debts (Expense)
Other Receivables

JOL	JIION Z							
a) Dr.	Issue 1 Should Have Happened Accountancy Fees	€ 3,200	€	Actually Happened Nothing	€	€		
	Accruals		3,200	ū				
	To Correct Accountancy Fees Accruals	3,200	3,200				1.50	
	Issue 2 Should Have Happened Trade Receivables Allowance for Trade Receivables	4,600	4,600	Actually Happened Dr. Trade Receivables Dr. Bad Debt Recovered Cr. Suspense	4,600 4,600	9,200		
Cr.	To Correct Suspense Bad Debt Recovered Allowance for Trade Receivables	9,200	4,600 4,600				2.00	
	Issue 3 Should Have Happened Bank Share Capital	15,600	15,600	Actually Happened Dr. Bank Cr. Revenue	15,600	15,600		
	To Correct Revenue Share Capital	15,600	15,600				1.50	
Cr. Dr.	Issue 4 Should Have Happened Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE) Bank Depreciation Expense Accumulated Depreciation - PPE	8,000 1,200	8,000 1,200	Actually Happened Dr. Repairs & Maintenance Cr. Bank	8,000	8,000		
Dr. Cr.	To Correct Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE) Depreciation Expense Accumulated Depreciation - PPE Repairs & Maintenance	8,000 1,200	1,200 8,000				2.00	
	Issue 5 Should Have Happened Trade Receivables Revenue	7,100	7,100	Actually Happened Dr. Trade Receivables Dr. Trade Payables Cr. Suspense	7,100 7,100	14,200		
Cr.	To Correct Suspense Trade Payables Revenue	14,200	7,100 7,100				2.00	
	Issue 6 Should Have Happened Rent Expense Rent Due	840	840	Actually Happened Dr. Rent Prepaid Cr. Rent Expense	840	840		
Cr.	To Correct Rent Expense Rent Due Rent Prepaid	1,680	840 840				2.00	
	Issue 7 Should Have Happened Retained Earnings Bank	2,300	2,300	Actually Happened Dr. Suspense Cr. Finance Costs Cr. Bank	4,600	2,300 2,300		
Dr.	To Correct Finance Costs Retained Earnings Suspense	2,300 2,300	4,600				2.00	
	Issue 8 Should Have Happened Wages Bank	2,200	2,200	Actually Happened Dr. Suspense Cr. Director's Loan Cr. Bank	4,400	2,200 2,200		
Dr.	To Correct Wages Director's Loan Suspense	2,200 2,200	4,400				2.00	
					SUBTOTAL	MARKS	15.00	

b)	Suspense A	ccount			
2 Bad Debt Recovered	4,600	Opening Balance	14,400	1.00	
2 Allowance for Trade Receivables	4,600	7 Retained Earnings	2,300	1.00	
5 Trade Payable	7,100	7 Finance Costs	2,300	1.00	
5 Revenue	7,100	8 Wages	2,200	1.00	
		8 Directors Loan	2,200_	0.50	
	23,400		23,400	0.50	
			<u> </u>		
			SUBTOTAL MARKS	5.00	
			OVERALL MARKS	20.00	

PART 1:

REPORT

To: Mr. Toby Jordan, Managing Director - Tojo Limited

From: Future Financial Accountant

Re: IAS 2 - Inventories

Date: August 2016

(a) The comparison should be made for each item of inventory and thus a value of €212 would be attributed to inventories i.e.

Item	Cost - €	NRV - €	Lower of Cost/NRV - €
1	72	80	72
2	56	48	48
3	92	96	92
	220	224	212
			(4 Marks)

(b)

- (i) Inventories per IAS 2 comprise
 - a) Merchandise
 - b) Production Supplies
 - c) Materials
 - d) Work in Progress
 - e) Finished Goods
- (ii) Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realisable value (NRV)
- (iii) Paragraph 16 of IAS 2 outlines examples of costs which are excluded from the cost of inventories and instead recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred i.e.
 - a) Abnormal amounts of wasted materials, labour or other production costs;
 - b) Storage costs unless these costs are necessary in the production process before a further production stage;
 - c) Administrative overheads that do not contribute to bringing inventories to their present location and condition; and
 - d) Selling costs.
- (iv) The principal situations in which net realisable value is likely to be less than cost is where there has been;
 - a) An increase in costs or a fall in selling price
 - b) Physical deterioration of inventories
 - c) Obsolescence of Products
 - d) A decision as part of a company's marketing strategy to manufacture and sell products at a loss
 - e) Errors in production or purchasing

(12 Marks)

If you have any further queries, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours sincerely,

Financial Accountant

PART 2:

(a)	Working - Closing Invent	€	€		
	Total Inventories at Cost per Accidentally Destroyed Inventories		347,841 4,640		
	Damaged Inventories - Cost NRV - Selling Price less costs to sell (2,410 - 680)			2,980 - 1,730	
	Inventory Write Down				1,250
	Value of Closing Inventorie	S		_	341,951
				€	€
Dr.	Inventory	+ Current Assets	SOFP	341,951	
Cr.	Closing Inventory	- Cost of Sales	SOPL & OCI		341,951

(4 Marks)

[Total : 20 Marks]

Mr. Dineen's Statement of Profit or Loss for the year-ending 31 December 2015							
		Waterford	<u>Kilkenny</u>		Combined		
	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	
Sales		3,140.00		1,210.00		4,350.00	0.50
Less Cost of Sales							
Opening Inventory (W2)	60.00		30.00		90.00		1.50
+ Purchases	2,700.00				2,700.00		1.00
Goods sent to Branch (W4)	- 700.00		700.00		-		2.00
- Closing Inventory (W3)	- 48.00		- 30.00		- 78.00		2.00
Total Cost of Sales	-	2,012.00	-	700.00	_	2,712.00	0.50
Gross Profit		1,128.00		510.00		1,638.00	0.50
Expenses							
Administration Expenses	62.00		34.00		96.00		0.50
Distribution Expenses	140.00		37.00		177.00		0.50
Allowance for Bad Debts	-		2.00		2.00		0.50
Depreciation	97.00		29.00		126.00		0.50
Total Expenses		299.00		102.00		401.00	0.50
Profit/(Loss) before Tax		829.00		408.00		1,237.00	0.50
Income Tax	_	34.00	_	18.00	_	52.00	0.50
Profit/(Loss) after Tax	_	795.00	_	390.00	_	1,185.00	0.50
Mr. Dineer	n's Statement of I	inancial Position	on as at 31 Dece	ember 2015			
Non-Current Assets		Combined					
Property, Plant & Equipment	_	658.00	(970 - 320 - 97	' + 290 - 156 -	· 29)		1.00
Total Non-Current Assets	_	658.00					
Current Assets							
Closing Inventory	78.00		(48 + 30)				1.00
Trade Receivables	485.00		(300 - 9 + 200) - 6)			1.00
Cash & Cash Equivalents	330.00		(245 + 47 + 3	B)			1.00
Total Current Assets		893.00					0.50
Total Assets	_	1,551.00					0.50
Equity & Liabilities							
Capital	87.00						0.50
-Drawings	- 27.00						0.50
Retained Earnings	1,185.00						0.50
Total Equity & Liabilities		1,245.00					0.50
Non-Current Liabilities	-						
Total Non-Current Liabilities		-					
Current Liabilities							
Trade Payables	270.00						
Current Tax Payable	36.00						0.50
Total Current Liabilities		306.00					
Total Equity & Liabilities	=	1,551.00	-				0.50

Working 1 - Current Account	Waterford	Kilkenny			
Current Account Balances	269	205			
Cash in Transit	- 38	203			
Goods in Transit	- 26			20.00	
doods in Transit	205	205		20.00	
	203	203			
Working 2 - Unrealised Profit					
Opening Inventory for Killarney has					
Cost + 30% so there is unrealised pr					
this inventory figure which needs to					
	Kilkenny	4000/			
Opening Inventory	39		of cost		
Cost of Opening Inventory	30	100%	of cost		
Unrealised Profit	9				
This needs to be eliminated					
. Unrealised Profit - Waterford	9				
Opening Inventory - Kilkenny		9			
Working 3 - Closing Inventory					
Kilkenny's closing inventory is at co	st + 30%				
Closing Inventory	39	130%	of cost		
Cost of Closing Inventory	30	100%	of cost		
Waterford's closing inventory is at	cost + goods in tra	ansit			
Cost	soot - Boods tr	28			
Goods in Transit - 26*100/130		20			
20040 20 200, 200	_	48			
Therefore, Closing Inventory	=				
mererore, closing inventory	Waterford	Kilkenny			
Closing Inventory	48	30			
	.0	30			
Working 4 - Goods Sent to Branch	18/ataufaud	V:II.amm			
Goods sent to Branch	Waterford 936	Kilkenny 910			
		910			
Goods in Transit	- 26 910	010			
		910			
The goods sent to branch are invoice					
We need to calculated the cost, the	erefore,				
Goods sent to Branch	910	130%	of cost		
Cost	700	100%			
	700				
Cost of Goods Sent to Branch					

Oakview Limited Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31st December 2015

Cash flows from Operating Activities Profit before Taxation		€'000 626	€'000	1.00
Adjustments for Depreciation Loss on Sale of PPE Interest Expense	_	98 20 34		1.00 1.00 1.00
Decrease in Trade Receivables Increase in Inventory Decrease in Trade Payables Cash Generated from Operations Interest Paid Income Taxes Paid Net Cash from Operating Activities	- - - -	778 12 67 31 692 34 97	561	1.00 1.00 1.00 0.50 1.50 1.00
Cash flows from Investing Activities Payments to acquire Property, Plant & Equipment Receipts from sale of Property, Plant & Equipment Net Cash used in Investing Activities	-	- 590 180 -	410	3.00 1.00 1.00
Cash flows from Financing Activities Proceeds from Issue of Shares Payments made due to Decrease in Long Term Loans Dividends Paid	- <u>-</u>	40 - 134 - 46 <u>-</u>	140_	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00
Net Increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents Cash & Cash Equivalents at beginning of Year Cash & Cash Equivalents at end of Year	Note 1 Note 1	- =	11 42 53	1.00
Note 1		2015 €'000	2014 €'000	
Cash on hand and balances with bank Bank Overdraft Cash and Cash Equivalents	- -	53 53	54 12 42	
		тота	L MARKS	20.00

Loss on Sale of PPE	€'000						
Cost	250						
- Accumulated Depreciation	- 50	-					
Carrying Value at date of sale	200						
Sales Proceeds Loss on Sale of PPE	180 20	-					
Loss on Sale of PPE		=					
	Interest A	ccount					
Balance b/d	-	Expense - SOPL & OCI	34				
Interest Paid	34	Balance c/d					
	34		34				
	Income Ta	x Account					
Corporation Tax Paid	97	Balance b/d	21				
·							
Balance c/d		Expense - SOPL & OCI	95				
	116		116				
	Share Cap	oital Account					
	•	Balance b/d - S. Capital	100				
		Balance b/d - S. Premium	45				
Balance c/d - S. Capital Balance c/d - S. Premium	140	December 1997 of C. Conital	40				
Balance c/d - 5. Premium	45 185	Proceeds from Issue of S. Capital	40 185				
	103		103				
		I					
Property, Plant & Equipment Account							
Balance b/d	1,628	Depreciation	98				
Revaluation Gain	22	Disposal - carrying value	200				
Durchage of DDC	E00	Delenes old	4.040				
Purchase of PPE	<u>590</u> 2,240	Balance c/d	<u>1,942</u> 2,240				
	2,240	1	2,270				

Workings

MARKING SCHEME

SOL	UTIO	N 1	
(a)	Defi	ne and explain the elements of financial statements	10
(b)	Stat	kings ement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income + ement of Financial Position	21 9
	Tota	al Marks for Solution 1	40
SOL	UTIO	N 2	
(a)	Sus	pense Journal Entries	15
(b)	Sus	pense Account	5
	Tota	al Marks for Solution 2	20
SOL	UTIO	N 3	
PAR	T 1		
(a)	Cald	culation of closing inventory using individual lower or cost and NRV	4
(b)	(i)	Items comprising Inventory	2
	(ii)	How Inventory is measured	2
	(iii)	3 Costs excluded from Inventory and expensed instead	2
	(iv)	2 Situations where cost is less than NRV	2
Part	2		
(a)	Cal	culation of closing inventory using lower of cost and NRV	2
	Tota	al Marks for Solution 3	20
SOL	UTIO	N 4	
(a)	Stat	ement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	12
(b)	Stat	ement of Financial Position	8
	Tota	al Marke for Solution /	20